NUMBERS AND NUMBERS

NAME: Johanna Andrea Jiménez Contreras
TEACHER: Alejandro Nieto
FILE: 2585925
Date: 10/03/2024

Fill in the missing blanks.

- **5** five
- **11** eleven
- **3** three
- **14** fourteen
- **0** zero
- **12** twelve
- **8** eight
- **7** seven
- **19** nineteen
- **15** fifteen
- **13** thirteen
- **20** twenty
- **30** thirty
- **40** forty
- **50** fifty
- **60** sixty
- **70** seventy
- **80** eighty
- **90** ninety
- **100** one hundred

Write the numbers in letters

- 22 twenty two
- 34 thirty four
- 41 forty one
- 56 fifty six
- 63 sixty three
- 75 seventy five
- 88 eighty eight
- 99 ninety nine

Write the answers . Check the example.

One + four= five

(One plus four is five)

1. five + two= seven

2. three + four = seven

NUMBERS AND NUMBERS

3. eleven + six = seventeen

4. fifteen + five = twenty

5. twenty + twelve = thirty two

6. eight + ten = eighteen

7. seven + three =ten

8. forty + twenty =sixty

9. ninety + ten = one hundred

10. four + sixteen = twenty

Answer the questions, use numbers

- How old are you?

I am forty years old

- How many children are there in your family?

My family there are two children

- How many children are there in your class?

My class there and zero children

- How many people live in your house?

My house there are two people

- What number is your house?

My number house is eight – fifty one

Biography vs. Autobiography



- We will be looking at two readings.
- They are both ***very similar***, but they are both ***different*** as well.
- Be on the look out for the difference. (Note it!!!)



How are the two readings alike and how are they different?



Reading 1

Aunt Cindy was a big part of Jane's childhood. Jane and her parents visited Aunt Cindy at least once a month. She remembers many visits to Aunt Cindy's tiny, dark apartment. It was very quiet in that building– maybe because tenants were not allowed to have children or pets. In spite of that, Aunt Cindy found a way to express her love for animals; she spent days working at an animal shelter near her home, and scouting out alleyways for strays and finding them homes.



Reading 2

Aunt Cindy was a big part of my childhood. My parents and I visited her at least once a month. I remember many visits to Aunt Cindy's tiny, dark apartment. It was very quiet in that building– maybe because tenants were not allowed to have children or pets. In spite of that, my Aunt Cindy found a way to express her love for animals; she spent days working at an animal shelter near her home, and scouting out alleyways for strays and finding them homes.



Biography

1. Tells about a real person.
2. Shows that the writer knows a lot about this person.
3. Describes the person's environment.
4. Shows how the person affects other people.
5. States or implies how the writer feels about the person.
6. Written in the ***third*** person point of view.



Let's Review

What clues tell us that the first reading was an biography?

Aunt Cindy was a big part of my childhood. My parents and I visited her at least once a month. I remember many visits to Aunt Cindy's tiny, dark apartment. It was very quiet in that building– maybe because tenants were not allowed to have children or pets. In spite of that, my Aunt Cindy found a way to express her love for animals; she spent days working at an animal shelter near her home, and scouting out alleyways for strays and finding them homes.



Autobiography

1. The main character is the author.
2. Recounts the key incidents in the writer's life.
3. Written in ***first*** person point of view.
4. Reveals the writer's feelings, reactions, values, and goals.



Let's Review

What clues tell us that the second reading was an autobiography?

Aunt Cindy was a big part of my childhood. My parents and I visited her at least once a month. I remember many visits to Aunt Cindy's tiny, dark apartment. It was very quiet in that building– maybe because tenants were not allowed to have children or pets. In spite of that, my Aunt Cindy found a way to express her love for animals; she spent days working at an animal shelter near her home, and scouting out alleyways for strays and finding them homes.



Generic Structure

- **Orientation**
  - It given the reader the background information.
  - The opening paragraph should answer the questions: who, what, where, when, and how.
- **Series of Event**
  - It presents a series of events, usually told in chronological order.
- **Reorientation**
  - Conclusion with a comment on the contributions this person has made.
  - Summary and evaluation of the person's achievement.



Language Features

A biographical recount uses specific names of the people involved in the biography.

It is mainly written in ***simple past tense*** (the final paragraph could also include the present tense).

A biographical recount describes events, so it uses many **verb** or **action verb**.



Quiz

- Read the text carefully.

- Re-write the paragraph into:
  - Autobiography
  - Biography



Who I am in Life

My name is Sally Friday. I started school when I was six-years-old. I went to kindergarten through fifth grade at Booker Elementary and while I was there, I won an award for perfect attendance. I also won an award for honor roll all four terms. Then I attended Booker Middle School, and there I also won a couple of awards: one for perfect attendance and two for being named Student of the Year--one in sixth grade and the other in eighth grade. I am now a senior at Booker High School. I plan on finishing school and maybe going to a community college.



Sally Friday

Her name is Sally Friday. She started school when she was six-years-old. She went to kindergarten through fifth grade at Booker Elementary and while she was there, she won an award for perfect attendance. She also won an award for honor roll all four terms. Then she attended Booker Middle School, and there she also won a couple of awards: one for perfect attendance and two for being named Student of the Year--one in sixth grade and the other in eighth grade. She is now a senior at Booker High School. She plans on finishing school and maybe going to a community college.



Amelia Earhart

Earhart was born on July 24, 1897, in Atchison, Kansas. She was the elder of Edwin Stanton and Amy Otis Earhart's two daughters. During the war Amelia worked as a military nurse in Canada and later she became a social worker and taught English to immigrant children. One day she took a 10-minute plane ride and knew what her vocation would be - she would learn to fly. In 1928, Amelia received a call from Captain Hilton H Railey to join pilots Wilmer Stultz and Louis Gordon on a flight from the United States to England. Though Amelia was just a passenger, she became the first woman to cross the Atlantic. The plane they flew in was 'The Friendship' and the trip was made on June 17-18, 1928. A publisher named George Putnam wrote an article on the flight and in 1931, Amelia married him.



My name is Amelia Earhart

I was born on July 24, 1897, in Atchison, Kansas. I was the elder of Edwin Stanton and Amy Otis Earhart's two daughters. During the war I worked as a military nurse in Canada and later I became a social worker and taught English to immigrant children. One day I took a 10-minute plane ride and knew what my vocation would be - I would learn to fly. In 1928, I received a call from Captain Hilton H Railey to join pilots Wilmer Stultz and Louis Gordon on a flight from the United States to England. Though I was just a passenger, I became the first woman to cross the Atlantic. The plane we flew in was 'The Friendship' and the trip was made on June 17-18, 1928. A publisher named George Putnam wrote an article on the flight and in 1931, I married him.



Assignment

- Complete in the **"FACT SHEET"** distributed to you based on your life.
- Write in one A4 page autobiography that includes the major events in your life.
- Make sure you include:
  - ❑ Your personal information.
  - ❑ Details about your life.

    (in chronological order)



BRIEF BIOGRAPHIES









- Marie Curie
- Martin Luther King
- Nelson Mandela
- Pablo Picasso
- Mahatma Gandhi
- Albert Einstein
- Mother Teresa of Calcutta
- Rigoberta Menchú
- John Lennon
- Michael Jackson

MARIE CURIE



Marie Curie (1867-1934) was a famous Polish scientist. She was born Marya Skoldowska in Warsaw on 7 November, 1867. Her father and mother were both teachers.

In 1891 she began studying at Sorbonne University in Paris. In 1893 she gained a degree in Physics, and in 1894 she gained a degree in Maths.

In 1894 she met Pierre Curie and she married him in 1895.

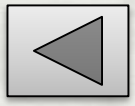
In 1902 Marie and her husband Pierre isolated radium.

In 1903 Marie and Pierre Curie received the Nobel Prize for Physics. In 1911 Marie Curie was given the Nobel Prize for Chemistry. She died on 4 July 1934.

M. Curie

MARIE CURIE

1. Where was she born?
2. Where did she study?
3. What degrees did she gain?
4. What was her husband's name?
5. What important prizes did she receive?





MARTIN LUTHER KING



Martin Luther King Jr. was born on January 15, 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia. King, both a Baptist minister and civil-rights activist, had a big impact on race relations in the U.S.A, beginning in the mid-1950s.

Through his activism, he played a pivotal role in ending the legal segregation of African-American citizens in the South and other areas in the United States, as well as the creation of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

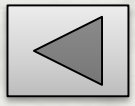
King received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1964.

King was assassinated in April 1968.



MARTIN LUTHER KING

1. Where was he born?
2. What was his job?
3. Why was he an important person?
4. What did he receive in 1964?
5. When and how did he die?





NELSON MANDELA



Nelson Mandela was born on July 18, 1918 in Transkei, South Africa. He became actively involved in the anti-apartheid movement and joined the African National Congress in 1942. For 20 years, he directed a campaign of peaceful, non-violent defiance against the South African government and its racist policies.

In 1994, Mandela was inaugurated as the country's first black president.

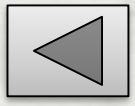
In 2009, Mandela's birthday, July 18, was designated as Mandela Day, an international celebration of his legacy and a day dedicated to promoting global peace.

N Mandela

NELSON MANDELA DAY

NELSON MANDELA

1. Where is he from?
2. What was he involved in?
3. What did he join in 1942?
4. What important event happened in 1994?
5. What is Nelson Mandela Day dedicated to?





PABLO PICASSO



Picasso was born in 1881 in Málaga, Spain. His father taught him to draw and paint when he was a child.

In 1895, Picasso's father got a job at the School of Fine Arts in Barcelona. The professors at the school immediately recognized Picasso's talent.

In 1900 he moved to Paris.

Throughout life, his style changed as he experimented with different theories, techniques and ideas. His revolutionary concept of art brought him universal renown and immense fortune, making him one of the best-known figures in 20th-century art.

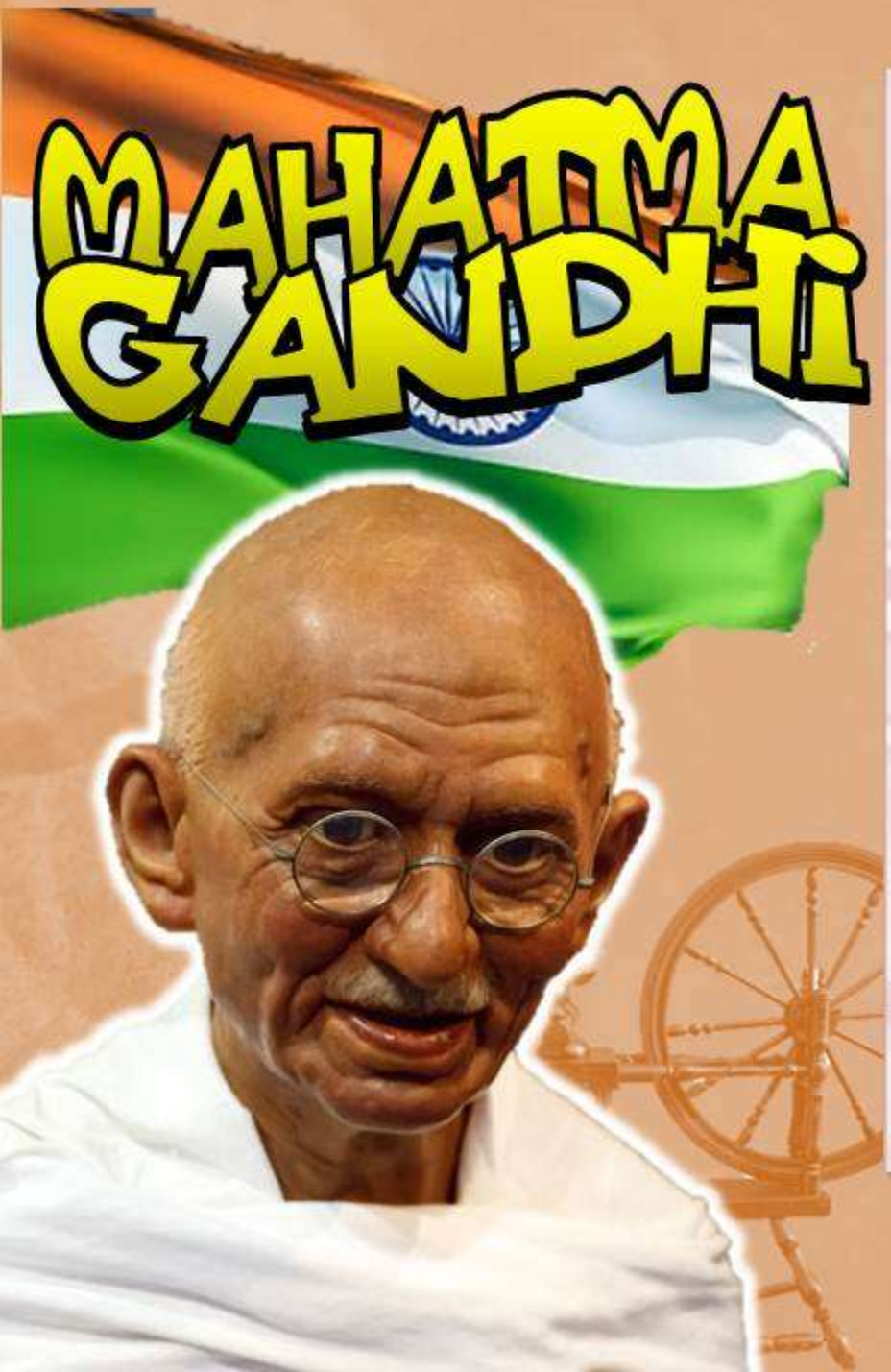
Pablo Picasso died on 8 April 1973 in Mougins, France.

Picasso

PABLO PICASSO

1. Where was he born?
2. What was his father's job?
3. Where did he move to in 1900?
4. Why did he become one of the best-known artists in the 20th century?
5. Where did he die?

MAHATMA GANDHI



He was born in Porbandar in Gujarat, India, on October 2, 1869. Married by arrangement at 13, Gandhi went to London to study law when he was 18.

From 1893 to 1914 he worked for an Indian firm in South Africa. During these years Gandhi's humiliating experiences of racial discrimination propelled him to defend the Indian community of South Africa.

He returned to India in January 1915.

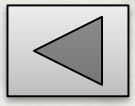
He led his own country to independence with his methods and philosophy of nonviolent confrontation or civil disobedience.

He was assassinated in Delhi on January 30, 1948



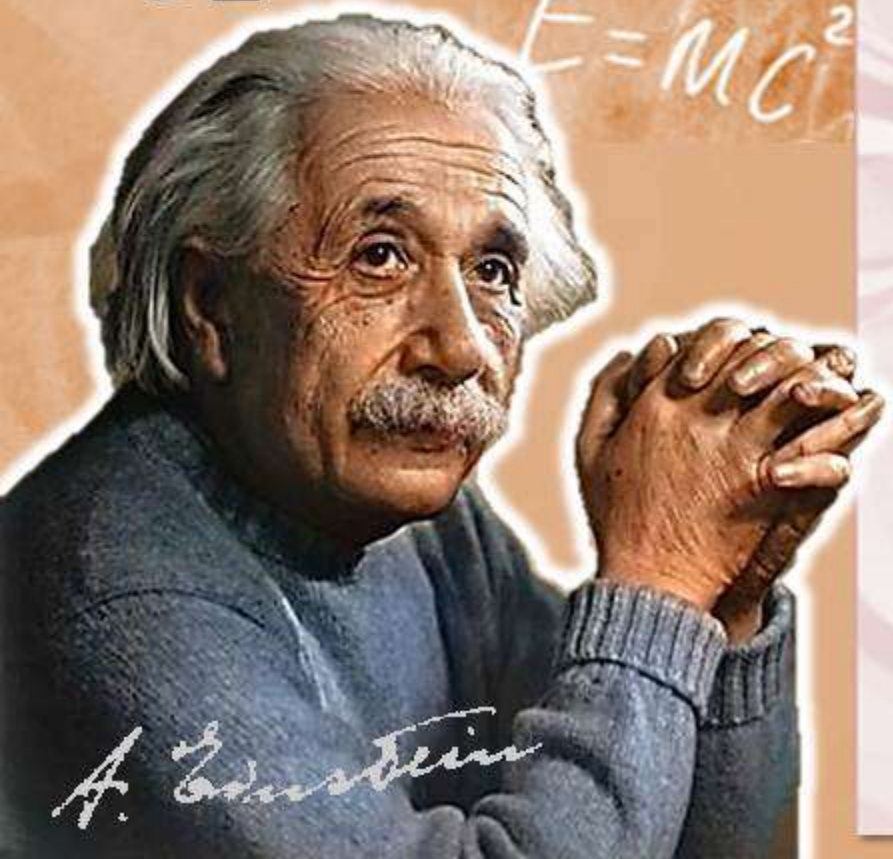
MAHATMA GANDHI

1. Where was he born?
2. How old was he when he got married?
3. Where did he study law?
4. Where did he work for 21 years?
5. What methods did he use to get the independence of his country?





ALBERT EINSTEIN



Albert Einstein was born on March 15, 1879, to a German Jewish family. He scarcely talked until the age of three. At the age of twelve he was fascinated by a geometry book.

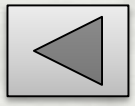
In 1900 he graduated in Zurich, Switzerland, with an unexceptional record and he married a former classmate.

In 1914 Einstein moved to Berlin and separated from his wife and two sons. Later he married his own cousin, Elsa. When the First World War broke out, Einstein supported the formation of a pacifist group. He completed his general **theory of relativity** in 1915. He received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1921

In 1933 he joined the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, New Jersey and one year later he became an American citizen. He died in 1955. He was and is known as a **genius**.

ALBERT EINSTEIN

1. Where was he born?
2. How old was he when he started to talk?
3. Where did he graduate?
4. What important theory did he formulate?
5. What nationality was he when he died?





MOTHER TERESA

Mother Teresa was born August 26, 1910 in Skopje, Macedonia.
She taught in India for 17 years before she experienced her 1946 "call within a call" to devote herself to caring for the sick and poor.
Her order established a hospice; centers for the blind, aged, and disabled; and a leper colony.
She was summoned to Rome in 1968, and in 1979 received the Nobel Peace Prize for her humanitarian work.
She died on September 5, 1997.



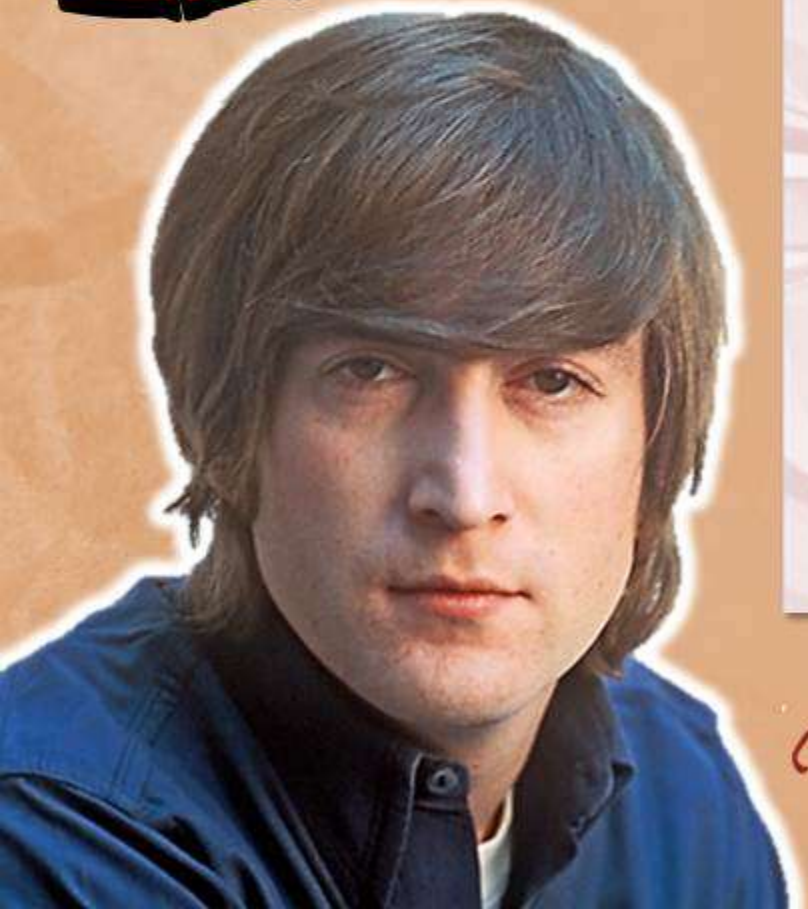
God bless you
Mt. Teresa ne



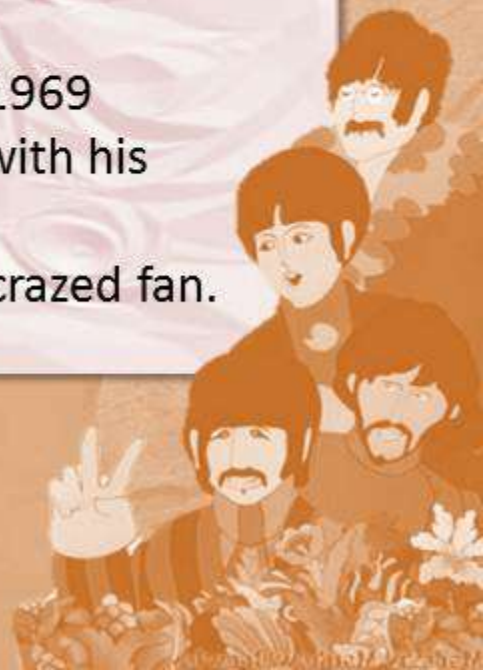
MOTHER TERESA OF CALCUTTA

1. Where was she born?
2. What was her job for 17 years in India?
3. What did she do from 1947 on?
4. What did her order establish in India?
5. What prize did she receive in 1979?

JOHN LENNON

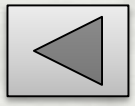


Pop star, composer and songwriter, John Lennon was born on October 9, 1940, in Liverpool, England.
Lennon met McCartney in 1957 and invited Paul to join his music group.
They eventually formed the most successful songwriting partnership in musical history.
Lennon left The Beatles in 1969 and later released albums with his wife Yoko Ono and others.
In 1980 he was killed by a crazed fan.



JOHN LENNON

1. When was he born?
2. Where was he from?
3. Who did he meet in 1957?
4. When did he leave The Beatles?
5. How did he die?





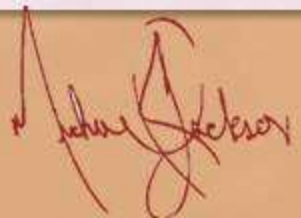
MICHAEL JACKSON



Born on 29th August 1958 in Gary, Indiana, USA, **Michael Jackson** started his entertainment career as the lead singer of the **Jackson 5**. The band comprised of his brothers who were all older than him, and was run by his father Joseph. The group did very well and the star of the band was undoubtedly little Michael at eleven years of age. He started singing solo two years later.

Three of his album which broke records are "Bad", "Thriller" and "Off the Wall", sold millions of copies.

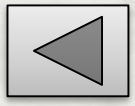
Michael Jackson was called **King of Pop.** He died on 25 June 2009 in Los Angeles, California.





MICHAEL JACKSON

1. Where was he born?
2. What was the name of his first band?
3. How old was he when he became a star?
4. How was he called?
5. When and where did he die?





RIGOBERTA MENCHU



Rigoberta Menchu Tum was born in 1959 in northwestern Guatemala to a Quiche-Mayan family.

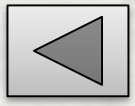
Rigoberta never had a formal education. When she was just eight years old, she worked with her family as a migrant agricultural laborer on large farms. After that, she worked in Guatemala City as a maid. Soon, Rigoberta began to protest against human-rights abuses by the military. However, this put her life in danger. Her mother, father, and brother had been murdered when she went into exile in Mexico in 1981.

In 1992, Rigoberta received the Nobel Peace Prize.



RIGOBERTA MENCHÚ

1. Where was she born?
2. How old was she when she started to work?
3. Why was her life in danger?
4. Where did she go into exile?
5. What did she receive in 1992?





NUMBERS

55 64 93

32

49 98 81

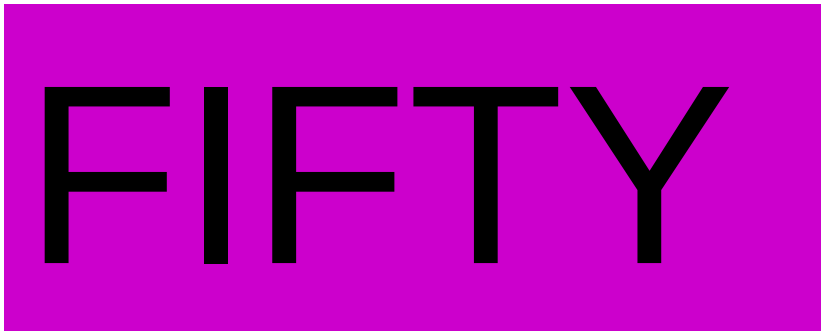
10 TEN

20 TWENTY

30 THIRTY

40 FORTY

50



60 SIXTY

70 SEVENTY

80 EIGHTY

90 NINETY

56



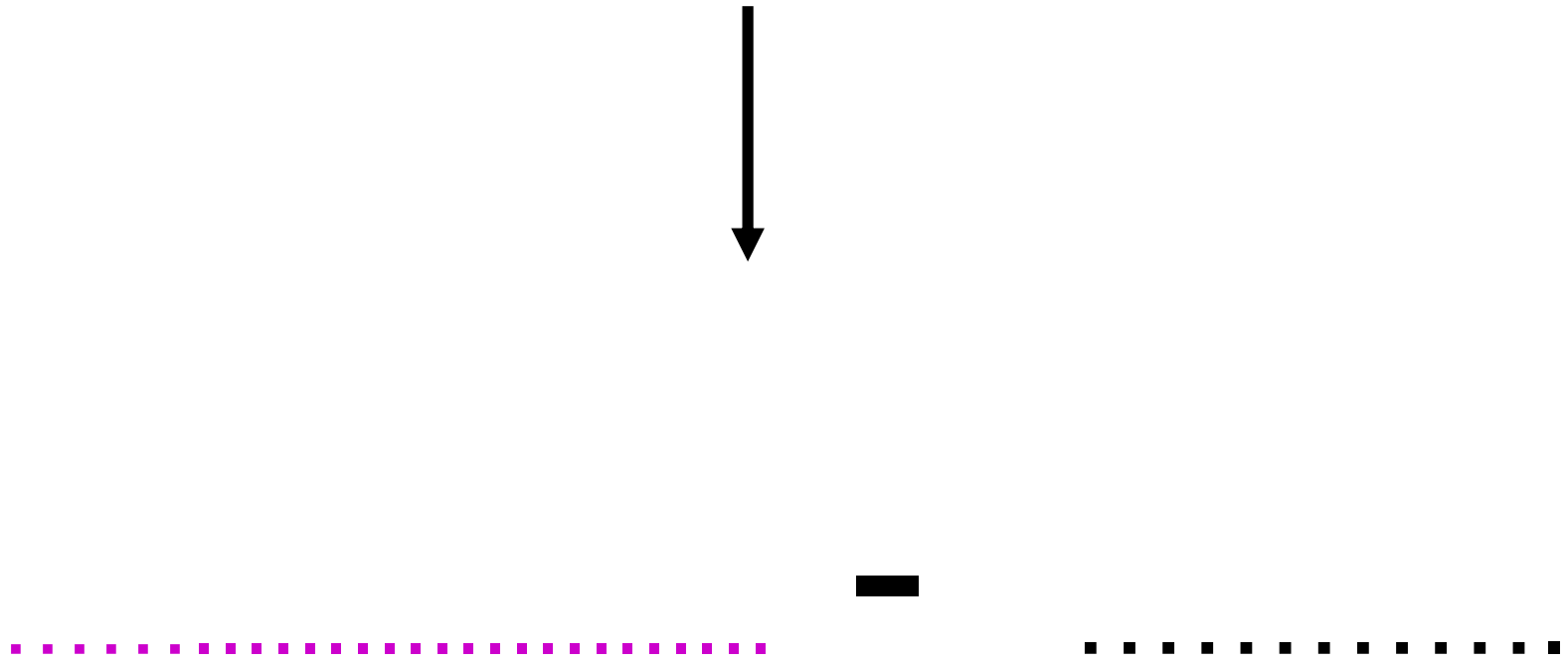
Fifty - six

81

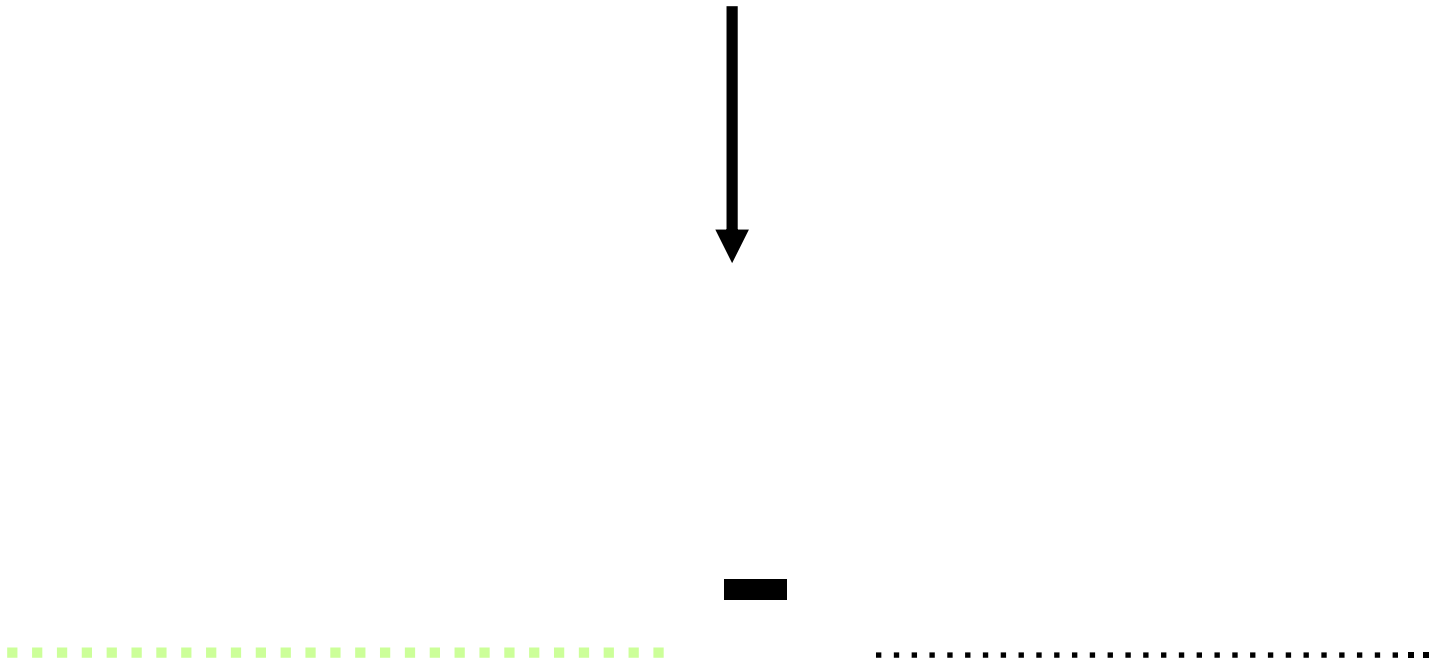


eighty - one

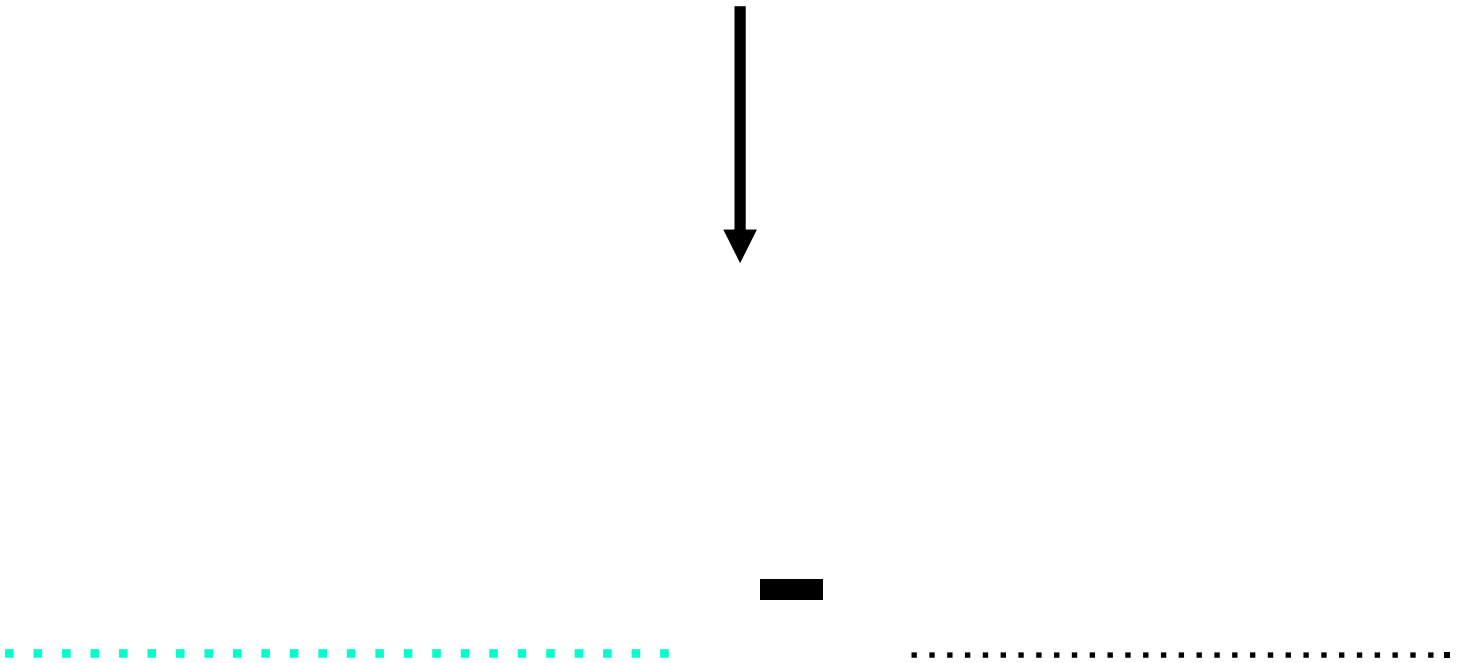
38



95



47



72



- .....

.....

Read the numbers

67	49	34
76	88	27
53	92	99

Listen and write the numbers
